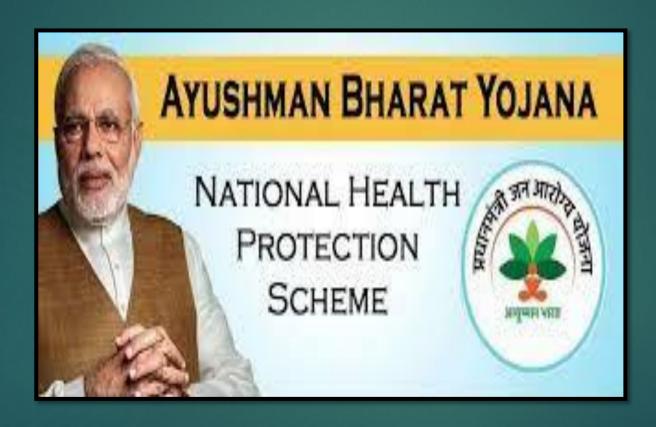
AYUSHMAN BHARAT YOJANA



INTRODUCTION

- Ayushman Bharat Yojana is also known as *Pradhan Mantri Jan Arogya Yojana* (PMJAY) or National Health Protection Scheme is a centrally sponsored scheme launched on 23rd September 2018 by MoHFW in India.
- ▶ Indu Bhushan is the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and Dr Dinesh Arora as the Deputy CEO of Ayushman Bharat Yojana.
- https://www.pmjay.gov.in/ this is the website for Ayushman Bharat Yojana.
- It is an umbrella of two major health initiatives namely, Health and Wellness centers and National Health Protection Scheme (NHPS).



FEATURES

National Health Protection Scheme:

- Ayushman Bharat-National Health Protection Scheme, which will cover over 10 crore poor and vulnerable families & govt. will provide coverage up to 5 lakh rupees per family per year for secondary and tertiary care hospitalization.
- Benefits of the scheme are portable across the country and a beneficiary covered under the scheme will be allowed to take cashless benefits from any public or private empaneled hospitals across the country.

Features Cont...

- One of the core principles of Ayushman Bharat National Health Protection Mission is to provide co-operative federalism (distribution of legal authority across country, state and local govt) & flexibility to states.
- ► At apex level the scheme is Chaired by Union Health and Family Welfare Minister. States would need to have State Health Agency (SHA) to implement the scheme.
- ▶ It coveres almost all secondary and many tertiary hospitalizations.

Features Cont...

Wellness centres:

- Rs 1200 crore allocated for 1.5 lakh health and wellness centres, Under this 1.5 lakh centres will be setup to provide comprehensive health care, including for non-communicable diseases and maternal and child health services, apart from free essential drugs and diagnostic services.
- ► The government will upgrade existing Public Health Centres to Wellness Centres.

Features Cont...

- ▶ list of Services to be provided at Health & Wellness Centre include:
- Pregnancy care and maternal health services
- Neonatal and infant health services
- Child health
- Chronic communicable diseases
- Non-communicable diseases
- Management of mental illness
- Dental care
- Geriatric care emergency medicine

Eligibility for PMJAY

In Rural areas:

- Households living in only one room with kachcha walls and kachcha roof.
- Households with no adult member between age 16 to 59.
- Female headed households with no adult male member between age 16 to 59.
- Households having at least one disabled member and no ablebodied adult member.
- ► SC/ST households.

Eligibility Cont...

- Landless households deriving major part of their income from manual casual labour.
- ▶ Households without shelter.
- Destitute/ living on alms. (lives on things given by others)
- Manual scavenger families. (Scrap Collector families)
- Primitive tribal groups.
- Legally released bonded labour.

Eligibility Cont...

In Urban areas:

- Rag picker (collecting old things)
- Beggar
- Domestic worker
- Street vendor/ Cobbler/hawker / Other service provider working on streets
- Construction worker/ Plumber/ Labour/ Painter/ Welder/ Security guard/ Coolie and another head-load worker

Eligibility Cont...

- Sweeper/ Sanitation worker / Mali
- Home-based worker/ Artisan/ Handicrafts worker / Tailor
- Transport worker/ Driver/ Conductor/ Helper to drivers and conductors/ Cart puller/ Rickshaw puller
- Shop worker/ Assistant/ Peon in small establishment/ Helper/Delivery assistant / Attendant/ Waiter
- Electrician/ Mechanic/ Assembler/ Repair worker
- Washer-man/ Chowkidar

Not Eligible for PMJAY

- Those who own a two, three or four-wheeler or a motorized fishing boat
- Those who own mechanized farming equipment
- Those who have Kisan cards with a credit limit of Rs.50000
- Those employed by the government
- Those who work in government-managed non-agricultural enterprises
- ▶ Those earning a monthly income above Rs.10,000
- Those owning refrigerators and landlines
- ► Those with decent, solidly built houses
- Those owning 5 acres or more of agricultural land

PMJAY Card











SANJIV KUMAR GREWAL

YOB: 1991

MALE



P353PYHAA





HARYANA

स्वास्थ्य आपका, साथ हमारा

Benefits of PMJAY

- Government provides health insurance cover of up to Rs. 5,00,000 per family per year.
- Priority to girl child, women and and senior citizens.
- Free treatment available at all public and empaneled private hospitals in times of need.
- Covers secondary and tertiary care hospitalization.
- Cashless and paperless access to quality health care services.

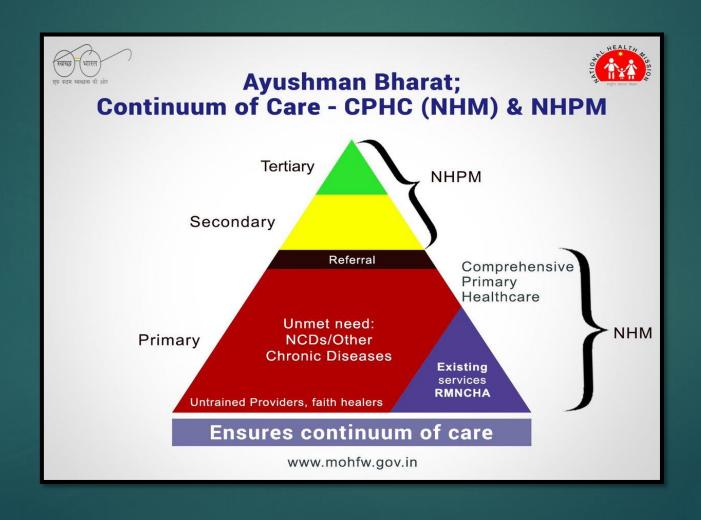
Benefits of PMJAY

- ► Hospitals will not be allowed to charge any additional money from beneficiaries for the treatment.
- ► Eligible beneficiaries can avail services across India, offering benefit of national portability. Can reach out for information, assistance, complaints and grievances to a 24X7 helpline number 14555.

COMPREHENSIVE PRIMARY HEALTH CARE

- Previously Primary Health Care refered to MCH, RCH, communicable diseases & basic care.
- Now Comprehensive Primary health care includes Preventive, promotive, rehabilitative, curative, & also palliative care.
- CPHC also includes secondary & tertiary health care.

CPHC Continuum of care



Organization of CPHC

Organization of Comprehensive Primary Health Care

Comprehensive Primary Health Care: Preventive, Promotive, Curative, Palliative, and Rehabilitative and delivered close to where people live.

Family/Household and Community Level

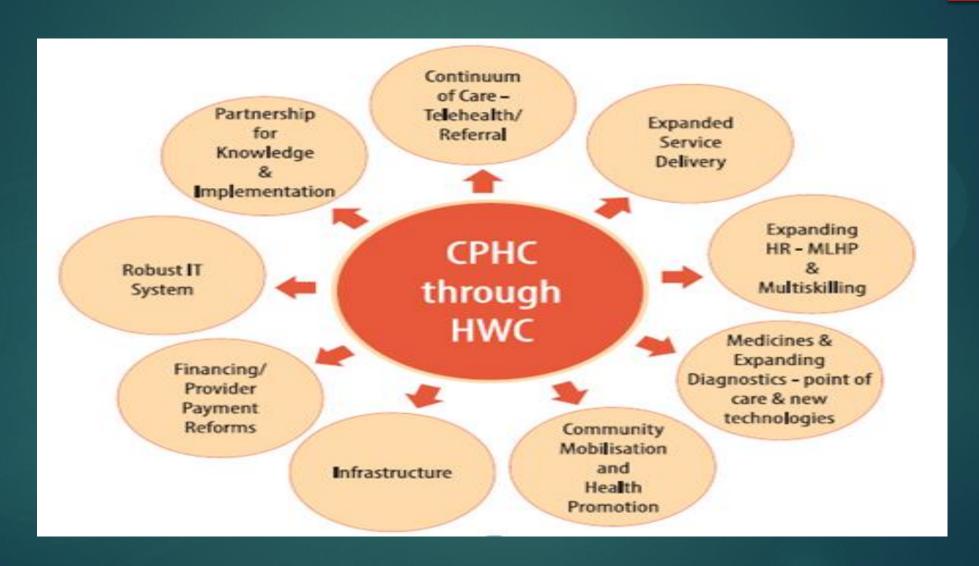
Sub centres/PHC/UPHC strengthened as HWC

Health and Wellness Centres

First Referral Level

General medical Consultation (at PHC/UPHC); Specialist consultation and First level of hospitalization at CHC/SDH/DH

Key Elements of CPHC



Expanded range of services

- Care in pregnancy and child-birth.
- Neonatal and infant health care services
- Childhood and adolescent health care services.
- Family planning, Contraceptive services and other Reproductive Health Care services
- Management of Communicable diseases including National Health Programes.

Expanded range of services Cont...

- Management of Common Communicable Diseases and Outpatient care for acute simple illnesses and minor ailments.
- Screening, Prevention, Control and Management of Non-Communicable diseases
- Care for Common Ophthalmic and ENT problems
- Basic Oral health care
- ► Elderly and Palliative health care services

Expanded range of services Cont...

- Emergency Medical Services
- Screening and Basic management of Mental health ailments

Service Delivery Framework



CPHC Team

► Mid-level Health Provider: 5

(BSc or Ayurveda Practitioner trained in 6 months certified programme in Community Health/CHO)

- ► MPW Male: 1
- ▶ MPW female: 2
- ► ASHAs: 5
- ▶ PHC Team:

STAFF	QUANTITY
MBBS Doctor	at least 1
Staff Nurse	at least 1
Pharmacist	1
Lab Technician & LHW	1

Mid Level Health Provider (MLHP)

- MLHPs are trained in a six months, under IGNOU (Indira Gandhi National Open University) accredited 'Certified Programme In Community Health'.
- ► MLHP can be Registered Staff Nurse/ Registered Ayurvedic or Homeopathic Doctor/ CHO.



Roles & Responsibilities of MLHP

- Complete Care of Antenatal & postnatal & Child birth.
- Neonatal & Infant health care services
- Childhood & Adolescent Health care services.
- Family Planning, Contraceptive services & other reproductive Health Care Services.
- Management of Communicable diseases specially vector & water borne diseases
- Management of Acute illness & minor ailments at OPDs

Roles & Responsibilities of MLHP

- Screening, prevention, Control & management of Non-Communicable diseases.
- Care of common Ophthalmic & ENT problems.
- Basic Oral health care.
- ▶ Elderly & palliative health care services.
- Emergency medical services including burns & trauma.
- Screening & basic Elements of Mental Health Ailments.

