

INTRODUCTION:-

The word LAW is derived from the term 'lag' which means something which lies fixed.

MEANING OF LAW:-Ordinarily the term law means a body of rules to guide human action.

DEFINITION:-

- 1. The law is a system of rights and obligations which the state enforces. __GREEN
- 2. Law is the body of principles recognized and applied by the state and administration of justice.

 _SALMAIND
- 3. Law constitutes body of principles recognized or enforced by the public and regular tribunals and has administration of justice.

 _POUND



SOURCES OF LAW:-

- 1.) CONSTITUTIONAL LAW
- · 2.) COMMON LAW
- 3.) ADMINISTRATIVE LAW

LEGAL RIGHTS OF NURSES

The nurses can assert their rights as plaintiff in employment claims cases as follows:-

- Termination of an employee for union organizing efforts.
- Discrimination in employment

- · Failure to make payment equally.
- Failure to provide safe working conditions.
- Failure to pay compensation during illness and injury related to work.
- Sexual harassment and violating employment right to privacy.

LEGAL RESPONSIBILITIES OF NURSES

1.) CIVIL LAW:-

TORT: It is a civil wrong committed against a person or property. Torts may be subtle.

They are mainly of 2 types:-

€ Unintentional torts

€ Intentional torts



UNINTENTIONAL TORTS:

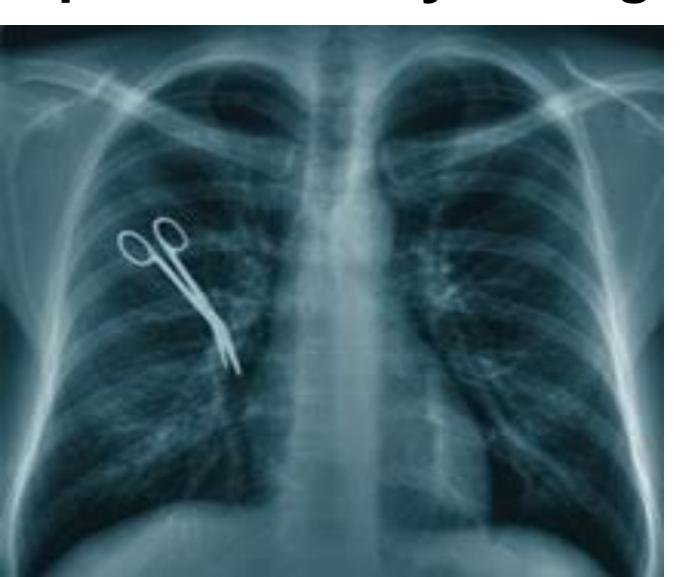
NEGLIGENCE:

It is the failure of an individual to do something that a reasonably prudent person would do or the commission of an act in particular circumstances in standard of care to which a nurse is legally bound. It is also defined as - exposure of another person's property to unreasonable risk of injury.

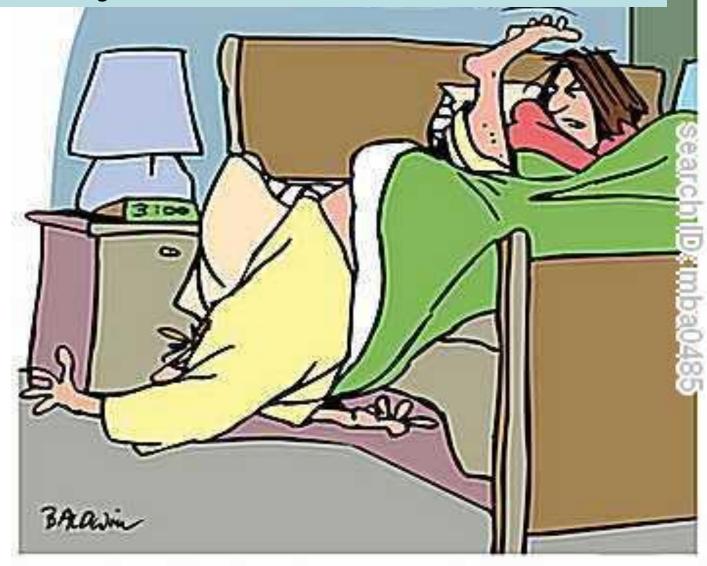


Failure to use aseptic techniques where required

Leaving a foreign object in patient's body during surgery.

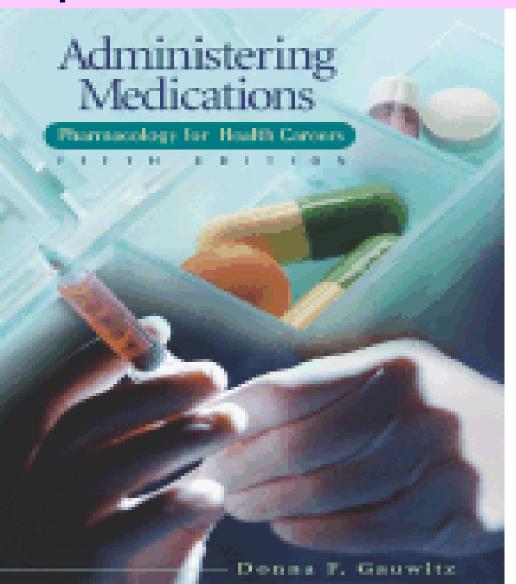


Failing to protect an infirming patient from falls, injuries etc.



"Quit chasing your dreams."

Administering wrong medicine to a patient or inappropriately (i.v. therapy resulting in phlebitis.



MALPRACTICE:-

malpractice :-

concerns professional actions and in the failure of a person with professional ducation and skills to act in a reasonable manner. In other words it is professional misconduct, unreasonable lack of skill or fidelity in professional duties evil or illegal practic There are 5 elements commonly occurring in



INTENTIONAL TORTS:

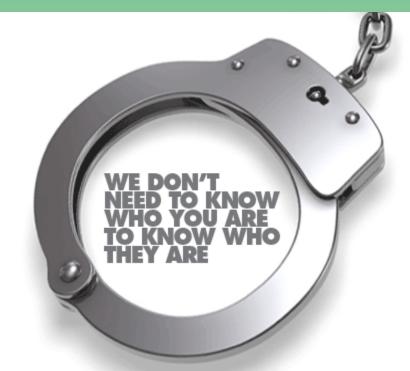
These are willful or intentional acts that violate another person's rights

- 3 components to intentional torts:-
- **Y** The acts that are intended to interfere with the plaintiff or plaintiff's property.
- **Y** The acts are intentional by the defendant.
- **Year of the Example 2** Year of the Example 2 Year of the Example

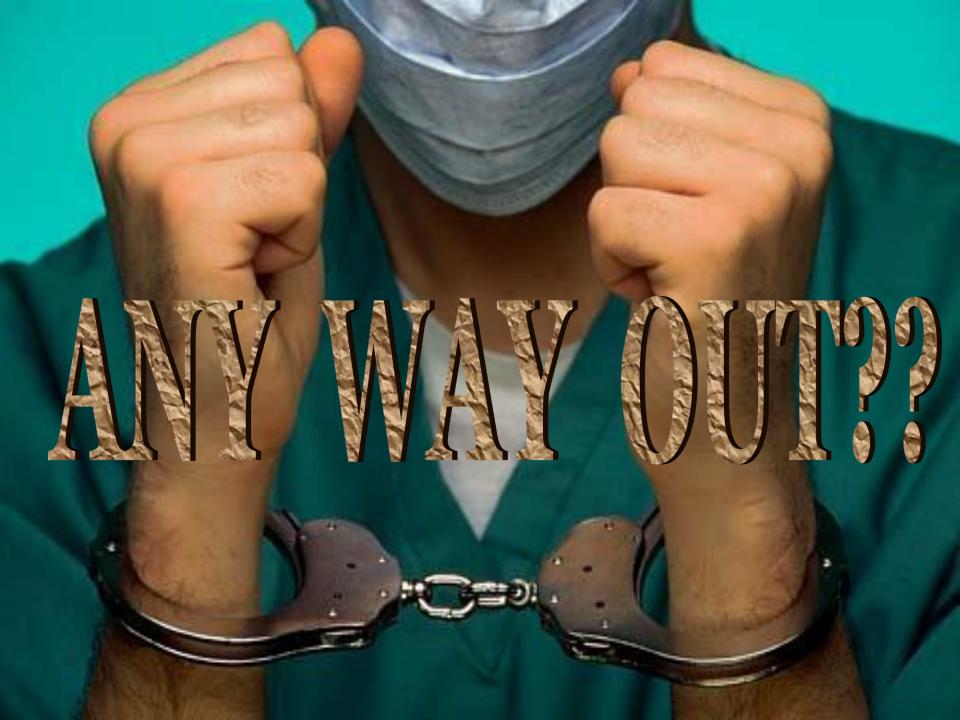


2. CRIMINAL LAW: -- A violation of any law governing the practice of any licensed profession may be a crime and you must be aware that it also abides in nursing.

And there practice act which be performed only a physician, that e may exist.





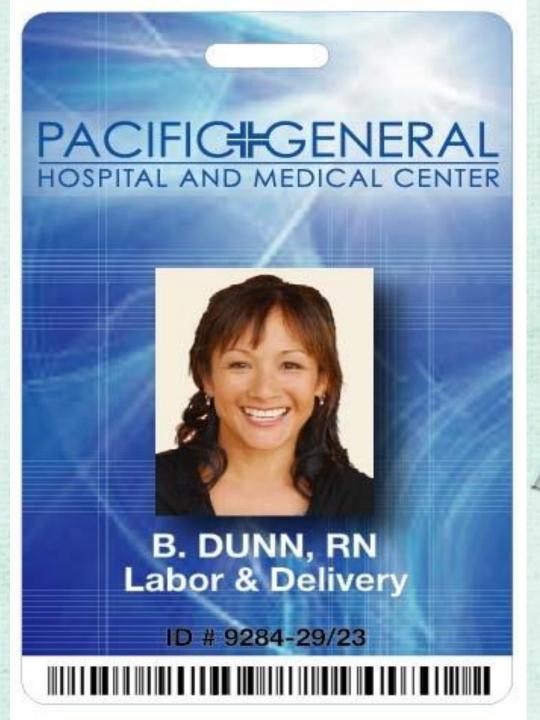




LEGAL SAFEGUARDS MURSING



LICENSURE









CONSENT FOR OPERATION AND OTHER PROCEDURES



COUNTING OF SPONGE, INSTRUMENT AND NEEDLE



STANDING ORDERS





Consent for medical examination, treatment and autopsy









Defective equipment

Negligent monitoring & Drug handling



Blood bank



ROLES AND FUNCTIONS OF NURSE IN LEGAL ISSUES

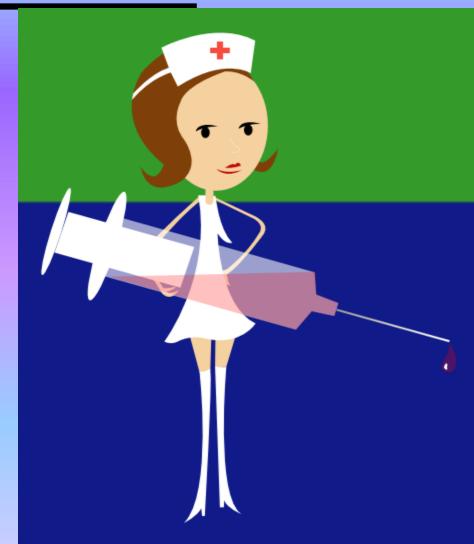


- Serves as role model by providing nursing care that meets or exceeds accepted standards of care
- Is current in the field and seeks certification
- Reports substandard care to appropriate authorities
- § Fosters nurse patient relationship
- § Joins and actively supports professional organization

- Practices nursing within an area of individual competence
- § Prioritizes patient's rights and welfare first
- § Demonstrates vision, risk taking, energy in respect to future prospectus in nursing
- § Is knowledgeable for responding sources of law and legal doctrines that affects nursing practice.
- § Understands and adheres to institutional policies and procedures

- Delegates to subordinates wisely looking onto their scope of practice
- § Practices nursing within the scope of nursing practice act
- * § Monitors subordinates
 - § Uses forseeability of harm in delegation and staffing decisions
 - § Increases staff awareness
 - § Provides educational and training opportunities for staff on legal issues

ADDITIONAL RESPONSIBILTIES IN NURSING:



Appointing and assigning

R's

death and dying.

quality control

•equipment

record keeping and reporting

protecting public

observation
And
reporting



"Keep in mind that practicing in a reasonable and professional manner and documenting your judgment and action are the best defenses against litigation."

Go for excellence and success will follow you.....

HELP US, HELP YOU, HELP OTHERS!!!